



# REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff,  
E. H. ROYSE.  
For Treasurer,  
JOHN A. DODAN.  
For Register of Deeds,  
S. L. BARRITT.  
For County Clerk,  
M. A. CARVIN.  
For Surveyor,  
W. R. KESLER.  
For Coroner,  
M. M. MCGILLISTER.  
For Commissioner,  
E. WEBB.

It ought to be a matter of pride with every Republican in Sedgwick county to push the Republican majority up to the highest notch.

Philadelphia Press: "A western contemporary remarks that a Populist is always known by his mouth. Wrong again: it's by his ears."

The Republican county ticket of Sedgwick county will be elected because it ought to be, and it ought to be elected because it deserves to win on its merits.

Rev. Edward Sorin, superior general of the Order of the Holy Cross, and founder of the University of Notre Dame, Ind., died at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning.

The goldbug Kansas City Times of Wednesday morning commanded: "Let the house act promptly, and before sunset the same day it responded, and the deed was done."

Lieutenant Mauer, the slayer of Captain Hedberg at Fort Sheridan, near Chicago, Monday, will be turned over to the civil authorities and tried for his crime by the state courts instead of a court martial.

Kansas City Star: Victor Murdock is traveling with Governor McKinley of Ohio and reporting the latter's speeches for the Chicago Inter-Ocean. Somehow Wichita always manages to crowd in next to the band wagon.

Now that silver is completely knocked out, what will the Democratic orators substitute for tongues? There is little rhythm and less music in gold, and the brass is all monopolized for the facial adornment of the Pops.

An Oklahoma farmer has made the discovery that Professor Snow's chinch bug infection is equally deadly to the malodorous squash bug. Now let some enterprising housewife try it on her greatest of all enemies, the bed bug, and thus further immortalize the name of the great discoverer.

A Chicago paper says that Prendergast has studied so much over the problems of finance and political economy that his mind became unbalanced, and recommends that all such persons be locked up with the insane. That might do in Chicago, but if it were adopted and acted upon in Kansas nearly half the population would be held in durance, at the expense of the balance.

In the last congress Jerry Simpson howled for the anti-opium bill, and then voted against it. That act of duplicity so disgusted and angered many of his constituents that he changed his tactics. He has been a blarney advocate of free silver coinage, but instead of remaining at his post and fighting the battle to the finish, he silently stole away from the capital and for a week past has been campaigning in the state, though the campaign is local and in no way affects his position. Jerry is smooth people, sly as it is kept.

Governor Jewelling insists that the country is "on the verge of political, material and moral ruin." The governor takes too gloomy a view of things. If the country can hold on even where it is for another short twelve-month, until the Republicans shall have regained control of the popular branch of the national and state legislatures and state executives, it will at once be relieved from the peril and again placed on the highway of prosperity. The governor and his coadjutors should not permit a guilty conscience to utterly cast them down.

The leading agricultural journals agree with the EAGLE in the opinion that the price of pork will continue high for a year or two, as the demand for the product is on the increase while production has been on the decline. As applied to meats this is logical and unavoidable, but it ought not to apply to lard. The cotton crop is as large or larger this year than ever before, and as the oil from the seed constitutes fully fifty per cent of the commercial lard, there is no excuse for the price of that article of prime necessity remaining where it is, or for its ever going up there, as for that.

The coinage of gold at the Philadelphia mint during the month which closed Tuesday was one of the largest in the history of Uncle Sam's money-making institutions. Under orders from the secretary of the treasury of a month ago the mint was required to turn out \$15,000,000 of gold by Dec. 1. All the presses were put to work and overtime has been made, the operators working at night in order to comply with the secretary's mandate. The administration is very prompt in demonstrating its partiality for the yellow metal. Why does not the secretary have a portion of the treasury's silver bullion coined as well?

There is only one way, as the Emporia Republican puts it, to insure a fair election and prevent trouble next year and that is to elect the Republican candidates for county clerks. The Populist leaders have openly boasted that they will use the power given by the law to the county clerk to defeat the will of the people and to send a "house full of Populists" to the legislature, as one of them expresses it. Their lawless record of the past year is a sufficient guarantee that they will at least attempt to make their threat good. In that event there will be trouble and it will not be altogether wind, as was the attempt at nullification. In view of the unflinching threat of the Populists, no honest man should hesitate to cast his ballot for the Republican ticket.

## PERFECT IRRIGATION.

Frank Fox has one acre of alfalfa on his farm in Attica township, which yielded this year eight tons of hay. It is located on the Cowskin bottom, the surface being some two feet above the water line. The roots of the plants find their way to perpetual moisture, and thus, whether the season is wet or dry, the yield is all that the soil will produce under the most favorable conditions.

This is an example of what perfect irrigation will do.

All that is needed in Sedgwick county is moisture. If this can be secured by artificial means there is no reason why every acre may not produce as much as the one above cited.

## STOP THE CONTAGION.

One of the most prominent physicians in the state fully agrees with the EAGLE's plan of dealing with the vicious crank element. Referring specially to the recent tactic and attempted assassin acts of that following, the doctor said:

"I firmly believe that if some of these so-called 'cranks' were made an example of and put to death, there would be less insane men hawking the lives of our public men. These 'cranks' who are always threatening the life of a man as soon as he gets to the top of the ladder, are getting alarmingly frequent. It appears to be a contagious mania, and the best way to stop its spreading is to put aside our charity for the plea of insanity and deal with these guilty 'cranks' as the measure of their crimes deserves. I firmly believe that this treatment would have a wholesome effect in subduing this class of insanity."

## ANALYSIS OF THE SENATE VOTE.

An analysis of the vote in the senate upon the repeal bill shows that the Democratic vote was a tie, twenty-two for and against repeal. Of the affirmative senators are from twenty-one northern and nine southern states, representing 40,359,622 of population and \$29,744,763,559 of wealth; while the negative vote was from eleven southern and nine northern states, representing 21,661,389 of population and \$6,339,543,217 of wealth. The senators from six states divided, one from each voting for and one against the bill, to-wit: Georgia, Kentucky, Nebraska, Oregon, Pennsylvania and Virginia.

The only section that gives a majority for repeal in the senate was the south. Seven southern states voted solidly against repeal and but one, Louisiana, solidly for it, while the others were equally divided. Of the thirty-seven votes against repeal in the senate nineteen were from the southern states. Of the remaining eighteen votes, seventeen came from ten western states. It is interesting to note that of eighteen western states, two were divided, eight voted solidly for repeal and eight voted solidly against it.

From this showing, taking the votes as reflecting the sentiment of the people represented, two to one are in favor of repeal, and of the wealth of the country the proportion represented in the affirmative is more than three to one. It also demonstrates that the question at issue is neither strictly partisan nor sectional, whatever other deductions may be made.

The weather report for October, 1893, prepared by Professor F. H. Suow of the University of Kansas, from observations taken at Lawrence, shows the past month to have been one of the five warmest Octobers on a twenty-six years' record. The first black frost of the season occurred on the 15th, five days earlier than the average date. The most remarkable meteorological feature of the month was the insignificant rainfall of less than two-tenths of an inch, as against an October average of three inches. The percentage of cloudiness was only half the average, and lower than has ever before been noted for October at that station. The barometer was below the normal, and the wind velocity considerably above. The mean temperature was 59.92 degrees, which is 1.42 degrees above the October average. The highest temperature was 87 degrees, on the 9th; the lowest was 31 degrees, on the 15th, giving a range of 56 degrees.

## HICKS ON NOVEMBER.

About the 2nd and 3rd look for higher temperature and secondary storm movements. The 7th to 11th is a marked storm period, during which suffering and loss on land and sea will result, where forethought and care are not exercised. Snow and sleet to the north. A severe cold wave will spread over the country, lasting up to reactionary days, on and touching 14th and 15th. The 19th to the 23rd is the next regular storm period. It is near the center of a Venus period, and may be counted on for violent forms of wind, rain and snow. Thunder and lightning occur. See if you do not hear of disasters on the sea—ships wrecked and lives lost. A very cold wave up to 25th and 26th. Month ends warmer, with winter winds and storms brewing.

## KANSAS IRRIGATION ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the Kansas Irrigation association will be held in the board of trade hall, Wichita, commencing at 10 o'clock, on Wednesday, November 22. It is proposed to keep up the good work which has been started, till we reach practical results. Able papers will be presented, and opportunity given for discussion. The following are among the topics to be covered: National Legislation as to Water and Arid Lands; State Legislation as to Irrigation Supervision; Underflow, Interstate, etc.; Power for Pumping—Steam, Electric, Horse, Wind; Effects of Irrigation; The Government's Interest in Irrigation; Results of Government Investigations; Irrigation in Southern California.

## ABOUT KANSAS.

The quarterly pension payment will be paid Saturday at the Topeka agency.

Hunnery is to have a paper again, the first issue to appear this week. It is to be called the Hunnery Voice, and Miss Sunshine Johnson is the editor.

Past Grand Master F. H. Bolton, who succeeds W. H. Wasson as secretary of Old Fellows' Fraternal Benefit association, will remove the office to Kansas City, Kan.

The St. Louis Post Dispatch thinks that "with the sunflowers of Kansas turned into printing paper the enlightenment of the world will proceed with something like velocity."

J. W. Heathorn, city editor of the Winfield Courier, died at his home in that city Wednesday, of typhoid fever contracted while on the staff of the strip opening, in which he took part.

Secretary Whitfield is issuing invitations to those interested to attend the first annual poultry and pet stock show of the Summer County Poultry association, which will be held at Wellington, December 1st and 2nd.

A boy of Newton girls, toggled out in masks and mother-hubbards, outwitted the boys of that town in their Halloween sportive abandon. There was no crimson coloring used, but in two there never was such a ducked up.

The Winfield postoffice stands sixth among the second class offices of the United States; that there has been but one complaint filed in eighteen months, and that was shown to be the fault of the complainant and unavoidable on the part of the office.

Out of the fifty-one who are taking the civil service examination in Topeka this week, seven are from Topeka, six from Leavenworth, two from Atchison, and the remainder from Emporia, Garnett, Overbrook, Solomon City, Manhattan, Holton, Alma, Osgood City and Concordia.

Topeka Mail: Captain John A. Fisher, a well known member of Lincoln post of Topeka, who now lives in Florence, was married about a year ago. He was then nearly 70 years old and totally blind. He has just written to his friends here that he is the father of a 13-pound boy.

In noting the circumstance that a couple of Lawrence wheelmen rode to Tonganoxie and back the other day in two hours and eighteen minutes, the distance being twenty miles, the K. C. Star scores the touch-down that the Lawrence sportsmen can do almost anything but play football.

Attorney General Little says that there is nothing in the new election law to prevent a candidate's name appearing on the ticket as a non-voting party. He holds that the supreme court in its decision last Saturday practically decided this way. Mr. Little also says that where two men of the same party are candidates for the same office, one nominated by the regular convention of the party, the other an independent candidate, the regular nominee shall be placed under the party head and the other shall appear under the head of "Independent candidate." Many inquiries have been made on this point.

Mrs. Ruth S. Todd, a delightful character known to the early settlers of central Kansas, died in Chicago, 11:30 p. m., Saturday, October 28, in her 88th year. She was the widow of Rev. William Todd, a missionary to India, who returned to America on account of his health, settling in Kansas about the year 1858. She was one of the faithful pioneer women of the state. She always prayed that she might be taken quickly, and when the time came a loving father answered. She was buried near Wakefield, in Clay county, yesterday.

## OKLAHOMA OUTLINES.

A tailor at Cross bears the suggestive name of Fitts.

Well-drillers are working day and night at Blackwell.

Santa Fe wants telephone connection with Ponca, Cross and Blackwell.

Henry Starr, the outlaw and train robber, is sentenced to be hanged in December.

A Logan county farmer was offered a loan on his farm recently at 9 per cent interest.

The Woodward township board will move up on the township on the 25th of November.

It is said to be a fact there are one-third more whites in the five civilized nations than Indians.

The citizens of Blackwell have raised sufficient funds to have school for their children this winter.

By an order issued by Attorney General Olney all federal prisoners will hereafter be sent to Brooklyn, N. Y., for imprisonment.

The United States marshals are ordering all negroes out of the Osage country. The Osages consider the negro an objectionable character.

The Otoe Indians are again indulging in the ghost dance. Just how much longer it will require for civilization to stamp out this custom is a question.

The Guthrie News is informed by Chairman Metcalf of the Perry township board that they commenced to receive applications for town lots Thursday.

Secretary Smith, at the request of President Cleveland, has called Governor Renfrow to Washington, and the politicians are waiting to hear something "drap."

A guest of the Daily Hotel at Guthrie was seen going down First street at a Nancy Hanks last night. The leader says he was attired in his undershirt and had been scared out of a year's growth by halloween friends.

Record: According to the estimates made by J. A. Steele, civil engineer, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the 20th inst., Blackwell is in 36 degrees, 48 minutes and 44 seconds north latitude and 97 degrees, 14 minutes and 30 seconds west longitude.

County Districting to attach herself to Woodward for last office purposes. It would be much more convenient for the people of that county to do business there, as Woodward is their railroad town and general trading point.

After the newspaper talk about Treasurer Green McCurtain of the Choctaw nation being short any where from \$100,000 to \$300,000, an investigation has proven that he was only short about \$3, and the Choctaw council has elected a delegate to represent the Choctaws in Washington.

Leader: Bert Thomas elected as agent of the Santa Fe railroad at Orlando. According to the testimony Bert discharged his duties well, but his salary ran behind. Consequently he brought suit against the railroad company for \$90. The case was tried in the district court Tuesday and the jury awarded him 75 cents.

Hon. C. J. Wrightman has purchased the Pawnee Pioneer from J. W. Turner, and will make it the leading Democratic paper in that section. C. J. has the ability and is young, earnest and enthusiastic, qualifications that are very necessary in the newspaper business at all times and in a new country particularly so.

While making an excavation at North Road Tuesday the Rock Island struck an arched spring with a flow of water as large as our body.

At 6 feet deep was placed around the spring and the water quickly rose and ran over it. It is as clear as crystal. It will be developed for a system of water works.

## EXCHANGE EPITOMES.

Too Much Sail for Winter. Old Boreas brings down the leaf. And whistles round chimneys and eaves. And shortly the ladies will take in a reef. Or two in their spinaker sleeves.

## INDIAN JUSTICE.

When did congress meet? In August. What did it do in August? It talked. It more talking. And what about October? Well it just knocked out the bung, threw the bottle valve wide open, and one man talked some sixteen hours without being the least tired.

## Honest George Martin.

George W. Martin of the Kansas City Gazette is talked of for governor. George is honest and smart and would make a good governor. He would give the state as clean an administration as any had, and would be a terror to humbugs, vampires and barnacles.

## The Difference.

A few short months ago J. M. Dunsmore told a Lawrence audience that he was a Democrat, always had been and always would be. The people would forget Pop. The difference is that at that time Dunsmore was looking after an appointment in Washington.

## Uncle Sam's Armada.

During the past year there have been set afloat, all ready for the battle or the breeze, The United States vessel Monterey, Detroit, New York, Machias and Bancroft, ranging from 332 to 4,480 tons, with the launch of the great Oregon to wind up the record of 1893.

## A Mighty Poor Show.

When Jerry Simpson was making his speech last night, house reminded one of a temple. The people would come in, look at him for a few minutes with a curious stare and then go out. No one seemed to care to listen to him, but all had a curiosity to see the man whose sockless feet have become a national issue, and whose boorishness has disgraced the state. He is not worth looking at, as those who went to see him discovered.

## To Stop Bleeding at the Nose.

The only reliable remedy for bleeding at the nose is to move the jaws rapidly. This has been known for years, but a modern fad has made it much more easy to adhere to the prescription. If a person who is suffering from a severe hemorrhage of this character will chew gum vigorously for a minute or two the bleeding will entirely cease, and it is impossible to stop the flow of blood from the pocket so that when the feeling of fullness which precedes the renewal of the attack comes on he can avert the danger in a few minutes.

## A Question of Modesty.

The Fort Scott Monitor puts an entire column into a paragraph when it says, "We advise George Martin not to do so much declaiming as Marsh Murdock did, with the idea that the people were going to force him." Colonel Murdock was the best equipped man for governor who has been in the state, we can remember and he would have been a much more powerful faction in the convention had he stood up boldly and fought. If George Martin goes into the fight he should go in and fight just like the other fellows. It would be a mighty good thing for the party and the state to put some man like Martin or Murdock in the governor's chair.

## Ex-Governor Humphrey on Suffrage.

Practically I am opposed to woman suffrage because the idea wives and daughters have about the vote, we can remember and he would have been a much more powerful faction in the convention had he stood up boldly and fought. If George Martin goes into the fight he should go in and fight just like the other fellows. It would be a mighty good thing for the party and the state to put some man like Martin or Murdock in the governor's chair.

## WHAT A MAN IS WORTH.

One of the Chemical Compounds of an Average Value Valued at \$15,700.

An interesting exhibit at the national museum shows the chemical ingredients which go to make up the average man weighing 154 pounds. Says the American Analyst: Divided up into its primary chemical elements the man is found to contain 97 pounds of oxygen—enough to take up, under ordinary atmospheric pressure, the space of a room 10 feet long, 10 feet wide and 10 feet high. His body also holds 15 pounds of hydrogen, which, under the same conditions, would occupy somewhat more than two such rooms as that described. To these must be added 3 pounds and 13 ounces of nitrogen. The carbon in the corpus of the individual referred to is represented by a foot cube of coal. It ought to be a diamond of the same size, because the stone is pure carbon, but his National museum has not such a one in its possession. A row of bottles contain the other elements going to make up the man. These are 4 ounces of chlorine, 3 1/2 ounces of fluorine, 5 ounces of phosphorus, 3 1/2 ounces of bromine, 2 1/2 ounces of sodium, 2 1/2 ounces of potassium, one-tenth of an ounce of iron, 2 ounces of magnesium, and 3 pounds and 13 ounces of calcium. Calcium, at present market rates, is worth \$300 an ounce, so that the amount of it contained in one human body has a money value of \$15,700. Few of our fellow citizens realize that they are worth so much intrinsically.

## No Deception.

"Don't you promise to love, honor and obey me?" "Yes, but the minister has known me all my life, and he knew I didn't mean it."—Pack.

## Still Even.

Little Miss Mugg—I've got a bicycle, and you haven't. Little Miss Freddie—Yes, and now everybody knows you wears darned stockings.—Good Name.

## INDIAN JUSTICE.

Trial by Ordeal Among the Brahmins of Mahatta.

A Remarkable Story About a Native Postal Thief and the Singular Manner of His Conviction.

## THE TIMES OF INDIA.

The Times of India publishes a good story of trial by ordeal. The narrator of it some years ago had charge of a postal division on the western coast, parts of which had seldom if ever been visited by a European officer. The people were for the most part simple country folk and very superstitious.

## THE GORILLA AT HOME.

What a Scientific Traveler Discovered in the African Jungle.

The usual pictures of the gorilla do not represent him as I have seen him, writes R. L. Garner in McClure's Magazine. He has not only a crouching habit, but he walks on all four of his legs, and has the motion of most quadrupeds, using his right arm and left leg at the same time, and alternates with the left arm and right leg. It is not exactly a walk or a trot, but a kind of ambling gait, while the chimpanzee uses his arms as crutches, but lifts one foot from the ground a little in advance of the other. They do not place the palm of the hand on the ground, but use the back of the fingers from the second joint, and at times the one I have described above seemed to touch only the back of the nails, but this was when she was scarcely moving at all.

On reaching Ste. Anne I selected a site for my cage and erected it at once. It is located in the jungle, a trifle more than a mile from any human habitation, and I named it Fort Gorilla. It is in a spot where nothing but the denizen of the bush has any cause to come. It is near a grove of plantains, on which the gorilla feasts with a gusto of a character member of the Gourmand club. He does not care so much for the fruit, but takes out the tender heart of the young stalk, which is quite succulent, and cuts it with an appetite peculiar to his race.

Before my cage was quite in order to receive I had my first call from a young gorilla, who came within about ten yards, as if to see what was going on. I had my rifle in my hand, but did not fire at him, as I desired him to call again and bring friends. He didn't tarry long, but hurried off into the bush as though he had something to tell.

The third day after my cage was completed a family of ten gorillas crossed the rear of the open grounds belonging to the mission and not more than two hundred yards from the house. A small native boy was within some twenty yards of them when they crossed the path in front of him. Within a few minutes I was notified of the fact and took my rifle and followed them into the bush until I lost their trail. A few hours later they were seen again by some natives not far away from the cage, but they did not call on me. The next day, however, I had a visit from a group who came within some thirty yards of the cage. The bush was so dense that I could not see them, but could easily distinguish four or five voices, which seemed to be engaged in a family broil of some kind. I suppose that they were the same family that had been seen the day before.

## NEW ENGLAND BRIDAL FEASTS.

Marriage Celebrations of the Old Country Reproduced in the New World.

Marriage celebrations and marriage customs followed in the new world many of the customs of the old world. Sackposset, the drink of Shakespeare's time, a rich, thick concoction of boiled ale, eggs and spices, was drunk at New England weddings, as we learn from the pages of Judge Sewall's diary; but it did not furnish a very gay wassail, for the Puritan posset-drinking was preceded and followed by the singing of a psalm—and such a psalm! a long, tedious drawing performance from the Bay Psalm Book.

The bride and groom and bridal party walked in a little procession to the meeting-house on the Sabbath following the marriage. We read in the Sewall diary of a "walking-out bride," as it was called in Newburyport. Cotton Mather thought it expedient to thus make public with due dignity the marriage. In some communities the further drawn to the newly married couple in what seems to us a very comic fashion. On the Sabbath following the wedding a gayly dressed bride and groom occupied a prominent seat in the gallery of the meeting-house and in the middle of the sermon they rose and slowly turned round to display complacently on every side their wedding ring.

## Queer Phenomena of Fading Bodies.

I am unable to say who first noticed the peculiar enigma of a stone or other heavy body dropped from the top of a high tower, says a writer in the St. Louis Republic, but it is nevertheless a curious fact that such objects invariably fall slightly to the east of the perpendicular line. Persons of inquiring turn of mind who ask why this is as it is may find an answer in the following: All falling bodies partake of the earth's eastward motion to a greater or lesser extent. Therefore during the time occupied by a stone in falling from the top of a high tower or other eminence the earth's rotary motion has carried it to an appreciable distance to the east. The initial impetus of the stone has carried it to the eastward also, therefore it strikes the earth to the east of the perpendicular, varying in degree according to the height from which it has fallen. A curious article on this subject may be found in the Leipzig Zeitung of May 9, 1889, page 3. The author of the article, who has given it the title of "The Nonperpendicularity of High Towers," claims that the tower on St. Peter's cathedral at Rome leans at least eighteen inches to the east.

## The Two Poles.

It is a remarkable fact that the climate of the southern polar region is much more severe than that of corresponding regions in the north. It is well known that a race of human beings live within the Arctic circle with some degree of comfort, but at a corresponding degree of latitude at the south all is ice and dreary waste, wholly uninhabitable.

## Generosity Itself.

Struggling Pastor—Nearly all the congregation have subscribed liberally for the building fund, and I feel sure that I can also have your hearty cooperation. How much will you—Mrs. Leader—Let me see. Oh, I am the only member who has a carriage, I think!

"Yes, the rest are poor."

"Well, I will drive around and collect the subscriptions!"—Democrat's Magazine.

# S. E. NOYES & CO. Ladies Ready Made Dresses

Made of All Wool Broadcloth, New Styles, Artistically cut, Tastefully Trimmed, in all colors, only

\$6.50

A small consignment of the above just received by express. At above price they are very much below value

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## THEY EXPOSE POISONERS.